# Veritas Storage Foundation™ 6.0.1 Release Notes - AIX



### Veritas Storage Foundation Release Notes

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Product version: 6.0.1

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#### www.symantec.com/business/support/contact\_techsupp\_static.jsp

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When you contact Technical Support, please have the following information available:

- Product release level
- Hardware information

- Available memory, disk space, and NIC information
- Operating system
- Version and patch level
- Network topology
- Router, gateway, and IP address information
- Problem description:
  - Error messages and log files
  - Troubleshooting that was performed before contacting Symantec
  - Recent software configuration changes and network changes

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- General product information (features, language availability, local dealers)
- Latest information about product updates and upgrades
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Asia-Pacific and Japan	customercare_apac@symantec.com
Europe, Middle-East, and Africa	semea@symantec.com
North America and Latin America	supportsolutions@symantec.com

#### Documentation

Product guides are available on the media in PDF format. Make sure that you are using the current version of the documentation. The document version appears on page 2 of each guide. The latest product documentation is available on the Symantec website.

#### https://sort.symantec.com/documents

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http://www.symantec.com/connect/storage-management

# Storage Foundation Release Notes

This document includes the following topics:

- About this document
- Component product release notes
- About Veritas Storage Foundation
- About Symantec Operations Readiness Tools
- Important release information
- Changes introduced in SF 6.0.1
- No longer supported
- System requirements
- SF: Issues fixed in 6.0.1
- Known issues
- Software limitations
- Documentation

### About this document

This document provides important information about Veritas Storage Foundation (SF) version 6.0.1 for AIX. Review this entire document before you install or upgrade SF.

The information in the Release Notes supersedes the information provided in the product documents for SF.

This is "Document version: 6.0.1 Rev 4" of the *Veritas Storage Foundation Release Notes*. Before you start, make sure that you are using the latest version of this guide. The latest product documentation is available on the Symantec Web site at:

https://sort.symantec.com/documents

### Component product release notes

In addition to reading this Release Notes document, review the component product release notes before installing the product.

Product guides are available at the following location on the software media in PDF formats:

/docs/product\_name

Symantec recommends copying the files to the /opt/VRTS/docs directory on your system.

### About Veritas Storage Foundation

Veritas Storage Foundation by Symantec includes Veritas File System (VxFS) and Veritas Volume Manager (VxVM.)

Veritas File System is a high performance journaling file system that provides easy management and quick-recovery for applications. Veritas File System delivers scalable performance, continuous availability, increased I/O throughput, and structural integrity.

Veritas Volume Manager removes the physical limitations of disk storage. You can configure, share, manage, and optimize storage I/O performance online without interrupting data availability. Veritas Volume Manager also provides easy-to-use, online storage management tools to reduce downtime.

VxFS and VxVM are included in all Veritas Storage Foundation products. If you have purchased a Veritas Storage Foundation product, VxFS and VxVM are installed and updated as part of that product. Do not install or update them as individual components.

Veritas Storage Foundation includes the dynamic multi-pathing functionality.

The Veritas Replicator option, which replicates data to remote locations over an IP network, can also be licensed with this product.

Before you install the product, read the Veritas Storage Foundation Release Notes.

To install the product, follow the instructions in the *Veritas Storage Foundation Installation Guide*.

### **About Symantec Operations Readiness Tools**

Symantec Operations Readiness Tools (SORT) is a Web site that automates and simplifies some of the most time-consuming administrative tasks. SORT helps you manage your datacenter more efficiently and get the most out of your Symantec products.

SORT can help you do the following:

Prepare for your next installation or upgrade	<ul> <li>List product installation and upgrade requirements, including operating system versions, memory, disk space, and architecture.</li> <li>Analyze systems to determine if they are ready to install or upgrade Symantec products.</li> <li>Download the latest patches, documentation, and high availability agents from a central repository.</li> <li>Access up-to-date compatibility lists for hardware, software, databases, and operating systems.</li> </ul>
Manage risks	<ul> <li>Get automatic email notifications about changes to patches, array-specific modules (ASLs/APMs/DDIs/DDLs), and high availability agents from a central repository.</li> <li>Identify and mitigate system and environmental risks.</li> <li>Display descriptions and solutions for hundreds of Symantec error codes.</li> </ul>
Improve efficiency	<ul> <li>Find and download patches based on product version and platform.</li> <li>List installed Symantec products and license keys.</li> <li>Tune and optimize your environment.</li> </ul>

Note: Certain features of SORT are not available for all products. Access to SORT is available at no extra cost.

To access SORT, go to:

https://sort.symantec.com

### Important release information

- For important updates regarding this release, review the Late-Breaking News TechNote on the Symantec Technical Support website: http://www.symantec.com/docs/TECH164885
- For the latest patches available for this release, go to: https://sort.symantec.com/
- The hardware compatibility list contains information about supported hardware and is updated regularly. For the latest information on supported hardware visit the following URL:

http://www.symantec.com/docs/TECH170013

Before installing or upgrading Storage Foundation and High Availability Solutions products, review the current compatibility list to confirm the compatibility of your hardware and software.

### Changes introduced in SF 6.0.1

This section lists the changes in Veritas Storage Foundation 6.0.1.

### New versioning process for SFHA Solutions products

Symantec made some changes to simplify the versioning process to ensure that customers have a unified experience when it comes to deploying our different products across Storage, Availability, Backup, Archiving and Enterprise Security products. With this change, all the products will have a 3 digit version. In complying with this approach, the current SFHA Solutions release is available as version 6.0.1.

### New directory location for the documentation on the software media

The PDF files of the product documentation are now located in the /docs directory on the software media. Within the /docs directory are subdirectories for each of the bundled products, which contain the documentation specific to that product. The sfha\_solutions directory contains documentation that applies to all products.

### Changes related to installation and upgrades

The product installer includes the following changes in 6.0.1.

## Locally-installed installation and uninstallation scripts now include the release version

When you run local scripts (/opt/VRTS/install) to configure Veritas products, the names of the installed scripts now include the release version.

Note: If you install your Veritas product from the install media, continue to run the installsf command without including the release version.

To run the script from the installed binaries, run the installsf<version> command.

Where <version> is the current release version with no periods or spaces.

For example, to configure the 6.0.1 version of your product, run this command:

# /opt/VRTS/install/installsf601 -configure

## VxVM private region backup pre-checks for disk groups prior to upgrade

The installer verifies that recent backups of configuration files of all the disk groups in VxVM private region have been saved in the /etc/vx/cbr/bk directory prior to doing an upgrade. If not, a warning message is displayed.

Warning: Backup /etc/vx/cbr/bk directory.

#### Support for tunables file templates

You can use the installer to create a tunables file template. If you start the installer with the -tunables option, you see a list of all supported tunables, and the location of the tunables file template.

#### Additional installation postcheck options

The postcheck option has been enhanced to include additional checks.

You can use the installer's post-check option to perform the following checks:

- General checks for all products.
- Checks for Volume Manager (VM).
- Checks for File System (FS).
- Checks for Cluster File System (CFS).

### Changes related to Veritas Storage Foundation (SF)

Veritas Storage Foundation includes the following changes in 6.0.1:

#### **Changes related to Veritas Volume Manager**

Veritas Volume Manager (VxVM) includes the following changes in 6.0.1:

### Enhancements to vxassist for controlling storage allocations and managing volume intents

In this release, the vxassist command has been enhanced to provide more flexibility and control in volume allocations and intent management.

The following list describes the enhancements:

A rich set of new predefined disk classes.

The new disk classes cover comprehensive characteristics of the available storage. These disk properties are automatically discovered. You can use these disk classes to select the required type of storage for allocations.

- Ability to define alias names for predefined disk classes.
   For administrative convenience, you can customize alias names that are shorter or more user-friendly.
- Ability to change the precedence order for the predefined disk classes that are supported for mirror or stripe separation and confinement.
   You can now customize the precedence order for the predefined disk classes that are supported for mirror or stripe separation and confinement. The mirror or stripe operation honors the higher priority disk class specified in the custom precedence order.
- Ability to define new disk classes.

You can associate user-defined properties to disks that satisfy a particular criterion. This functionality enables you to customize device classification or grouping. You can use these custom disk classes to specify storage selections.

New clauses for precise disk selection.

The new use and require clauses enable you to select storage from well-defined sets of intended disk properties. The require type of clauses select disks from an intersection set where all specified properties are met. The use type of clauses select disks from a union set where at least one of the specified properties is met. The use and require constraints are made persistent by default, for disk group version 180 and onwards.

Management commands for the volume intents.

Use the volume intent management commands to manage the use and require type of persistent intents. You can set, clear, update, and list the use and require intents for the volume, after the volume is created.

For more information about vxassist and these enhancements, see the *Administrator's Guide* and the vxassist(1M) manual page.

#### Upgrade for instant snap Data Change Objects (DCOs)

Instant snap Data Change Objects (DCOs), formerly known as version 20 DCOs, support the creation of instant snapshots for VxVM volumes. Starting with release 6.0, the internal format for instant DCOs changed. Upgrade the instant snap DCOS and DCO volumes to ensure compatability with the latest version of VxVM. The upgrade operation can be performed while the volumes are online.

The upgrade operation does not support upgrade from version 0 DCOs.

See the Administrator's Guide and the vxsnap(1M) manual page.

#### **Dynamic Reconfiguration tool**

Dynamic Multi-Pathing provides a Dynamic Reconfiguration tool. The Dynamic Reconfiguration tool is an interactive tool to automate dynamic reconfiguration of LUNs or HBAs. Dynamic reconfiguration includes addition, removal or replacement of LUNs, and replacement of certain HBAs, without requiring a reboot. The Dynamic Reconfiguration tool simplifies the process, so that you do not need a complex set of DMP and operating system related commands.

#### **Changes related to Veritas File System**

Veritas File System includes the following changes in 6.0.1:

#### The glmstat command can display GLM cache memory usage information

You can use the  $\tt glmstat$  -M command to display GLM cache memory usage information.

For more information, see the glmstat(1M) manual page.

#### SmartTier can compress or uncompress files

SmartTier can compress or uncompress files during relocation, or can perform in-place compression or uncompression of an entire tier.

See the Administrator's Guide.

#### File compression

You can compress files to reduce the space used, while retaining the accessibility of the files and having the compression be transparent to applications. Compressed

files look and behave almost exactly like uncompressed files: the compressed files have the same name, and can be read and written as with uncompressed files.

See the Administrator's Guide.

#### Changes related to SFDB tools

The following sections describe the changes related to Storage Foundation for Databases (SFDB) tools in 6.0.1.

#### Support for FlashSnap and Database Storage Checkpoint for DB2

In this release, the SFDB tools support FlashSnap (Third-mirror break-off snapshots) and Database Storage Checkpoint operations for DB2 databases.

You can capture an online image of actively changing data at a given instant: a point-in-time copy. You can perform system backup, upgrade and other maintenance tasks on point-in-time copies while providing continuous availability of your critical data. You can also offload processing of the point-in-time copies onto another host.

Database FlashSnap lets you make backup copies of your volumes online and with minimal interruption to users.

Database Storage Checkpoint quickly creates a persistent image of a file system at an exact point in time. It reduces I/O overhead by identifying and maintaining only the file system blocks that have changed since the last Storage Checkpoint or backup via a copy-on-write technique.

#### Support for creation of Golden Image snapshots using FlashSnap for Oracle

In this release, the SFDB tools support the creation of Golden Image snapshots using FlashSnap for Oracle databases.

Online mode, third-mirror-break-off type snapshot i.e. online FlashSnap snapshot of a database instance contains all the information needed to create a clone of the database instance. It can act as a template for creating clone database instances. You can thus allocate a FlashSnap snapshot that can be used as a master copy for creating one or more clone instances. The clone instances created from a FlashSnap image, termed as the 'golden image', are incremental copies of the master or the golden image. These depend on the FlashSnap image for their operations.

#### Support for Flashsnap at the VVR Secondary site for Oracle

In this release, the SFDB tools support Flashsnap operation at the VVR Secondary site for Oracle databases.

Online mode snapshots (i.e. traditional, third-mirror-break-off snapshots) are supported in VVR replication environment. Also, support for more than one

secondary site is added. For online mode snapshots in VVR environment, IBC (In-Band Control) messages are used to synchronize activities on the Primary and Secondary sites. Snapshot is initiated from VVR Secondary site.

#### Introduction of the Compression Advisor tool for Oracle

In this release, the SFDB tools provide the Compression Advisor tool for Oracle databases.

Veritas File System (VxFS) provides the vxcompress utility that can be used to compress individual files transparent to the underlying applications. An application reading a compressed file automatically receives the uncompressed data that is uncompressed in memory only; the on-disk part of the data remains compressed. If an application writes to a compressed file, parts of the file are uncompressed on disk.

Compression Advisor provides extended compression functionality for Oracle database files in Oracle single instance and Oracle RAC environments. The Compression Advisor command sfae\_comp\_adm resides in the /opt/VRTS/bin directory, and it must be run by the DBA user.

#### Changes related to replication

Veritas Storage Foundation and High Availability Solutions includes the following changes related to replication in 6.0.1:

### VVR CPU utilization improvements with fine granular locking and optimizations

CPU usage is reduced due to VVR lock and code optimization. I/O throughput is improved due to faster I/O processing.

### CPU utilization improvements and memory optimizations in VVR compression engine

CPU usage is reduced while compression is enabled. The reduced CPU footprint is achieved by memory pre-allocation optimizations, and changing the compression window size and memory levels to provide optimum compression performance.

#### VVR replication performance improvements in TCP protocol

Overall improvement of replication throughput due to introducing the following:

- An I/O throttling implementation at the VVR layer to improve network bandwidth usage for TCP. (Not applicable to UDP protocol).
- Per RVG read-back memory pool to avoid contention of memory between the RVGs in the SRL read-back.

 A separate read-back thread to read the data from the SRL. This is disabled by default.

### Improved resiliency in case of VVR data volume failure in clustered storage environments using CVM I/O shipping framework

In the event of a data volume failure, there may be some writes to the SRL that do not also write to the data volume due to an I/O failure. To make the data consistent, the writes are flushed to the data volume. In previous releases, there was no mechanism to flush the writes from the node with storage connectivity; to avoid data inconsistency, the data volume was detached cluster wide. Using the I/O shipping framework, in flight I/Os (where the I/O finishes on the SRL but does not write to the data volume) are now shipped to the node with storage connectivity and written to the data volume. As a result, the data volume remains consistent and is available on all nodes that have storage connectivity.

### No longer supported

The following features are not supported in this release of SF products:

 The fsppmk command is deprecated and can no longer be used to create SmartTier placement policies.

## Veritas Storage Foundation for Databases (SFDB) tools features which are no longer supported

The following Storage Foundation for Databases (SFDB) tools features are not supported in this release:

- FlashSnap reverse resync
- Checkpoint policy and Checkpoint quotas
- Interactive modes in clone and rollback

### System requirements

This section describes the system requirements for this release.

### Supported AIX operating systems

This section lists the supported operating systems for this release of Veritas products. For current updates, visit the Symantec Operation Readiness Tools Installation and Upgrade page: https://sort.symantec.com/land/install\_and\_upgrade.

Table 1-1 shows the supported operating systems for this release.

Operating systems	Levels	Chipsets
AIX 7.1	TL0 or TL1	Any chipset that the operating system supports
AIX 6.1	TL5	Power 5, Power 6, or Power 7

**Table 1-1**Supported operating systems

AIX 6.1 TL6, AIX 6.1 TL7, AIX 7.1 TL0 and AIX 7.1 TL1 require an additional IBM APAR to be installed. Contact IBM to get the necessary APAR for your level.

## Storage Foundation for Databases features supported in database environments

Storage Foundation for Databases (SFDB) product features are supported for the following database environments:

Veritas Storage Foundations feature	DB2	Oracle	Oracle RAC	Sybase
Oracle Disk Manager	No	Yes	Yes	No
Cached Oracle Disk Manager	No	Yes	No	No
Quick I/O	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cached Quick I/O	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Concurrent I/O	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Storage Checkpoints	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Flashsnap	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
SmartTier	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Database Storage Checkpoints Note: Requires Enterprise license	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Database Flashsnap Note: Requires Enterprise license	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

**Table 1-2**SFDB features supported in database environments

Veritas Storage Foundations feature	DB2	Oracle	Oracle RAC	Sybase
SmartTier for Oracle	No	Yes	Yes	No
Note: Requires Enterprise license				

#### Table 1-2 SFDB features supported in database environments (continued)

Notes:

- SmartTier is an expanded and renamed version of Dynamic Storage Tiering (DST).
- Storage Foundation for Databases (SFDB) tools Database Checkpoints, Database Flashsnap, and SmartTier for Oracle are supported with an Enterprise product license.

For the most current information on Storage Foundation products and single instance Oracle versions supported, see:

#### http://www.symantec.com/docs/DOC4039

Review the current Oracle documentation to confirm the compatibility of your hardware and software.

### Veritas Storage Foundation memory requirements

Symantec recommends 2 GB of memory over the minimum requirement for the operating system.

### AIX APARs required for Virtual Memory Management chunking

Table 1-3 lists the AIX APARs that you must install to use the Virtual Memory Management (VMM) chunking feature, as well as the default value for the thrpgio npages and thrpgio inval APAR tunables.

Operating System	Required APARs	Default APAR tunable value
AIX 6 TL6	IV19024	0
AIX 6 TL7 SP4	IV16839	0
	IV18742	1024

 Table 1-3
 AIX APARs required for Virtual Memory Management chunking

Operating System	Required APARs	Default APAR tunable value
AIX 6 TL8	IV16685	0
	IV18846	1024
AIX 7 TL0	IV16521	0
AIX 7 TL1 SP4	IV16765	0
	IV18778	1024
AIX 7 TL2	IV17138	0
	IV19372	1024

Table 1-3AIX APARs required for Virtual Memory Management chunking<br/>(continued)

You must set dchunk\_enable=1 to enable Veritas File System (VxFS) to utilize the VMM chunking feature rather than the VxFS internal chunking feature.

For information about setting the dchunk\_enable tunable, see the vxtunefs(1M) manual page.

### SF: Issues fixed in 6.0.1

This section covers the incidents that are fixed in SF 6.0.1.

### Installation and upgrades: issues fixed in 6.0.1

This section describes the incidents that are fixed related to installation and upgrades in this release.

Incident	Description
2329580	Unable to stop some SFCFSHA processes.
2873102	Perl module error on completion of SFHA installation
2627076	Incorrect server names sometimes display if there is a clock synchronization issue.
2622987	sfmh discovery issue when you upgrade your Veritas product to 6.0.1

**Table 1-4**Fixed issues related to installation and upgrades

Table 1-4         Fixed issues related to installation and upgrade		Fixed issues related to installation and upgrades (continued)
	Incident	Description
	2526709	DMP-OSN tunable value not get persistence after upgrade from 5.1SP1 to 6.0.
	2088827	During product migration the installer overestimates disk space use.

#### Installation and upgrades: Issues fixed in 6.0 RP1

There are no new fixed incidents for installation and upgrades in 6.0 RP1.

### Veritas Storage Foundation fixed issues

Issues fixed for Veritas Storage Foundation (SF) includes issues fixed for Veritas File System and Veritas Volume Manager.

See "Veritas File System: issues fixed in 6.0.1" on page 20.

See "Veritas Volume Manager: issues fixed in 6.0.1" on page 23.

### Veritas File System: issues fixed in 6.0.1

This section describes the incidents that are fixed in Veritas File System in this release.

Incident	Description
2764861	Uncompress by vxcompress ignores quota limitation.
2753944	The file creation threads can hang.
2735912	The performance of tier relocation using fsppadm enforce is poor when moving a large amount of files.
2712392	Threads hung in VxFS.
2709869	System panic with redzone violation when vx_free() tried to free fiostat.
2682055	On AIX, If drefund_supported is set to 1 (i.e. drefund_supported=1) and drefund is not enabled(i.e. drefund_enable=0) then tuning of 'vmmbufs_resv_disable' to 1 fails.

**Table 1-5**Veritas File System fixed issues

Incident	Description
2674639	The cp(1) command with the –p option may fail on a file system whose File Change Log (FCL) feature is enabled. The following error messages are displayed: cp: setting permissions for 'file_name': Input/output error cp: preserving permissions for 'file_name': No data available.
2670022	Duplicate file names can be seen in a directory.
2655788	Using cross-platform data sharing to convert a file system that has more than 32k nlinks does not update the vx_maxlink and maxlink_enable tunables.
2651922	Is -I command on local VxFS file system is running slow and high CPU usage is seen.
2650354	Allow 8MB and 4MB values for chunk_flush_size tunable on AIX.
2650330	Accessing a file with O_NSHARE mode by multiple process concurrently on AIX could cause file system hang.
2626390	Freeing a large number of pages at once can induce a small I/O latency.
2597347	fsck should not coredump when only one of the device record has been corrupted and the replica is intact.
2566875	The write(2) operation exceeding the quota limit fails with an EDQUOT error (Disc quota exceeded) before the user quota limit is reached.
2559450	Command fsck_vxfs(1m) may core-dump with SEGV_ACCERR error.
2536130	fscdsconv fails to convert FS between specific platforms if FCL is enabled.
2272072	GAB panics the box because VCS engine HAD did not respond. The lobolt wraps around.
2086902	Spinlock held too long on vxfs spinlock, and there is high contention for it.
1529708	Formatting issue with the output of vxrepquota.

**Table 1-5**Veritas File System fixed issues (continued)

### Veritas File System: Issues fixed in 6.0 RP1

This section describes the incidents that are fixed in Veritas File System (VxFS) in 6.0 RP1.

Fixed issues	Description
2678096	The fiostat command dumps core when the count value is 0.
2663750	Abrupt messages are seen in engine log after complete storage failure in cvm resiliency scenario.
2655786	Shared' extents are not transferred as 'shared' by the replication process.
2655754	Deadlock because of wrong spin lock interrupt level at which delayed allocation list lock is taken.
2653845	When the fsckptadm(1M) command with the '-r' and '-R' option is executed, two mutually exclusive options gets executed simultaneously.
2650330	Accessing a file with O_NSHARE mode by multiple process concurrently on Aix could cause file system hang.
2645441	Native filesystem migrated to vxfs disk layout 8 where layout version 9 is the default.
2645435	The following error message is displayed during the execution of the fsmap(1M) command:'UX:vxfs fsmap: ERROR: V-3-27313'.
2645112	write operation on a regular file mapping to shared compressed extent results in corruption.
2645109	In certain rare cases after a successful execution of vxfilesnap command, if the source file gets deleted in a very short span of time after the filesnap operation, then the destination file can get corrupted and this could also lead to setting of VX_FULLFSCK flag in the super block.
2645108	In certain cases write on a regular file which has shared extent as the last allocated extent can fail with EIO error.
2630954	The fsck(1M) command exits during an internal CFS stress reconfiguration testing.
2626390	New tunable - chunk_inval_size and few more option with 'chunk_flush_size'.
2624459	Listing of a partitioned directory using the DMAPI does not list all the entries.
2613884	Metadata corruption may be seen after recovery.
2609002	The De-duplication session does not complete.
2599590	Expanding or shrinking a DLV5 file system using the fsadm(1M)command causes a system panic.

Table 1-6Veritas File System 6.0 RP1 fixed issues

Fixed issues	Description
2583197	Upgrade of a file system from version 8 to 9 fails in the presence of partition directories and clones.
2563251	fsmigadm "commit/status" error messages should be clear.
2552095	The system may panic while re-organizing the file system using the fsadm(1M) command.
2536130	The fscdsconv(1M) command which is used to convert corrupted or non-VxFS file systems generates core.
2536054	A hang may be seen because VxFS falsely detect low pinnable memory scenario.
2389318	Enabling delayed allocation on a small file system sometimes disables the file system.

**Table 1-6**Veritas File System 6.0 RP1 fixed issues (continued)

### Veritas Volume Manager: issues fixed in 6.0.1

This section describes the incidents that are fixed in Veritas Volume Manager in this release. This list includes Veritas Volume Replicator fixed issues.

Incident	Description	
2838059	VVR Secondary panic in vol_rv_update_expected_pos.	
2832784	ESX panicked after applying a template file from GUI.	
2826958	The pwwn number is not displayed in the output of command vxdmpadm list dmpnode dmpnodename=dmpnode name.	
2818840	Enhance the vxdmpraw utility to support permission and "root:non-system" ownership to be set and make it persistent.	
2794625	Unable to configure ASM to use DMP native block device path.	
2792242	I/O hang after performing zone remove/add operations.	
2774406	The svol_flush_srl_to_dv_start fails to start.	
2771452	IO hung because of hung port deletion.	
2763206	The ${\tt vxdisk}$ rm command core dumps when list of disknames is very long.	

Table 1-7Veritas Volume Manager fixed issues

Incident	Description		
2756059	Panic in voldco_or_drl_to_pvm when volume started at boot.		
2754819	Live deadlock seen during disk group rebuild when the disk group contains cache object.		
2743926	DMP restored daemon fails to restart during system boot.		
2741240	The $ {\tt vxdg} $ join transaction failed and did not rollback to the sourcedg.		
2739709	Disk group rebuild related issues.		
2739601	VVR: repstatus output occasionally reports abnormal timestamp.		
2737420	The vxconfigd daemon dumps core while onlining of the disk.		
2729501	Exclude path not working properly and can cause system hang while coming up after enabling native support.		
2727590	The $\ensuremath{\texttt{vxconfigd}}$ daemon dumped core after renaming iSCSI device from the OS side.		
2713166	Suppress vxio errpt messages relating to write-disabled (WD) & NR devices (EMC SRDF-R2) & EMC BCV.		
2710579	Do not write backup labels for CDS disk - irrespective of disk size.		
2710147	Node panics in dmp_pr_do_reg during key registration with fencing enabled.		
2709767	Thin provisioning reclaim should not work with MPIO.		
2700792	SEGV in vxconfigd daemon during CVM startup.		
2700486	The vradmind daemon coredumps when Primary and Secondary have the same hostname and an active Stats session exists on Primary.		
2700086	EMC BCV (NR) established devices are resulting in multiple DMP events messages (paths being disabled/enabled).		
2698860	The vxassist mirror command failed for thin LUN because statvfs failed.		
2689845	After upgrade, some VxVM disks changed to error status and the disk group import failed.		
2688747	Logowner local sequential I/Os starved with heavy I/O load on logclient.		
2688308	Do not disable other disk groups when a re-import of a disk group fails during master take-over.		

 Table 1-7
 Veritas Volume Manager fixed issues (continued)

	ventas volume manager fixed issues (continued)		
Incident	Description		
2680482	Empty vx.* directories are left in the /tmp directory.		
2679917	Corrupt space optimized snapshot after a refresh with CVM master switching.		
2675538	The vxdisk resize command may cause data corruption.		
2664825	Disk group import fails when disk contains no valid UDID tag on config copy and config copy is disabled.		
2656803	Race between vxnetd start and stop operations causes panic.		
2652485	Inactive snapshot LUNs cause trespassing.		
2643634	Message enhancement for a mixed (non-cloned and cloned) disk group import.		
2627126	Lots of I/Os and paths are stuck in dmp_delayq and dmp_path_delayq respectively. DMP daemon did not wake up to process them.		
2626199	The vxdmpadm list dmpnode printing incorrect path type.		
2612960	The $\mathtt{vxconfigd}$ daemon core dumps after upgrading, due to GPT/AIX label disk.		
2580393	Removal of SAN storage cable on any node brings Oracle Application Groups down on all nodes.		
2566174	Null pointer dereference in volcvm_msg_rel_gslock().		
2564092	Automate the LUN provisioning (addition) / removal steps using vxdiskadm.		
2553729	Status of the EMC Clariion disk changed to "online clone_disk" after upgrade.		
2533248	SAN Boot: A node can reboot and bring volumes online with a failed path, but failed to boot up after restoration of the failed path again in next reboot.		
2526606	Memory leaks in DMP.		
2441283	The vxsnap addmir command sometimes fails under heavy I/O load.		
2427894	Opaque disk support for VIS appliance.		
2249445	Develop a tool to get the disk-related attributes like geometry, label, media capacity, partition info etc.		
2240056	The vxdg move transaction not completing and backups fail.		
2227678	The second rlink gets detached and does not connect back when overflowed in a multiple-secondaries environment.		

**Table 1-7**Veritas Volume Manager fixed issues (continued)

Incident	Description
1675482	The vxdg list <i>dgname</i> command gives error 'state=new failed'.
1190117	vxdisk -f init can overwrite some of the public region contents.
2698035	Tunable values do not change as per the values applied through vxtune.

 Table 1-7
 Veritas Volume Manager fixed issues (continued)

#### Veritas Volume Manager: Issues fixed in 6.0 RP1

This section describes the incidents that are fixed in Veritas Volume Manager (VxVM) in 6.0 RP1.

Fixed issues	Description	
2680604	vxconfigbackupd does not work correctly with NUM_BK.	
2674465	Data Corruption while adding/removing LUNs.	
2666163	A small portion of possible memory leak introduced due to addition of enhanced messages.	
2657797	Starting 32TB RAID5 volume fails with unexpected kernel error in configuration update.	
2649958	vxdmpadm dumps core due to null pointer reference.	
2647795	Intermittent data corruption after a vxassist move.	
2634072	vxdisk output shows junk character.	
2627056	vxmake -g <dgname> -d <desc-file> fails with very large configuration due to memory leaks.</desc-file></dgname>	
2626741	Using vxassist -o ordered and mediatype:hdd options together do not work as expected.	
2621465	When detached disk after connectivity restoration is tried to reattach gives 'Tagid conflict' error.	
2620556	I/O hung after SRL overflow.	
2620555	I/O hang due to SRL overflow and CVM reconfig.	
2608849	Logowner local I/O starved with heavy I/O load from Logclient.	

Table 1-8Veritas Volume Manager 6.0 RP1 fixed issues

Fixed issues	Description
2607519	Secondary master panics in case of reconfig during autosync.
2607293	Primary master panic'ed when user deleted frozen RVG.
2600863	vxtune doesn't accept tunables correctly in human readable format.
2591321	while upgrading dg version if rlink is not up-to-date the vxrvg command shows error but dg version gets updated.
2590183	write fails on volume on slave node after join which earlier had disks in "Ifailed" state.
2576602	vxdg listtag should give error message and display correct usage when executed with wrong syntax.
2575581	vxtune -r option is printing wrong tunable value.
2574752	Support utility vxfmrmap (deprecating vxfmrshowmap) to display DCO map contents and verification against possible state corruptions.
2565569	read/seek i/o errors during init/define of nopriv slice.
2562416	vxconfigbackup throws script errors due to improper handling of arguments.
2556467	disabling all paths and rebooting host causes /etc/vx/.vxdmprawdev record loss.
2530698	after "vxdg destroy" hung (for shared DG), all vxcommands hang on master.
2526498	Memory leaks seen in some I/O code path.
2516584	startup scripts use 'quit' instead of 'exit', causing empty directories in /tmp.
2348180	Failure during validating mirror name interface for linked mirror volume.
1967512	Need revisit of open/close ioctl implementation for DMPnode and its paths.

 Table 1-8
 Veritas Volume Manager 6.0 RP1 fixed issues (continued)

### Storage Foundation for Databases (SFDB) tools: issues fixed in 6.0.1

Table 1-9 describes the Veritas Storage Foundation for Databases (SFDB) tools issues fixed in this release.

Incident	Description
2585643	If you provide an incorrect host name with the $-r$ option of vssfadm, the command fails with an error message similar to one of the following:
	FSM Error: Can't use string ("") as a HASH ref while "strict refs" in use at /opt/VRTSdbed/lib/perl/DBED/SfaeFsm.p line 776. SFDB vxsfadm ERROR V-81-0609 Repository location is invalid.
	The error messages are unclear.
2703881 (2534422)	The FlashSnap validation operation fails with the following error if the mirrors for data volumes and archive log volumes share the same set of disks:
	SFAE Error:0642: Storage for diskgroup oradatadg is not splittable.
2582694 (2580318)	After you have done FlashSnap cloning using a snapplan, any further attempts to create a clone from the same snapplan using the dbed_vmclonedb continue to use the original clone SID, rather than the new SID specified using the <i>new_sid</i> parameter. This issue is also observed when you resynchronize the snapplan, take a snapshot again without specifying the new clone SID, and then try to clone with the new SID.
2579929	The sfae_auth_op -o auth_user command, used for authorizing users, fails with the following error message:
	SFDB vxsfadm ERROR V-81-0384 Unable to store credentials for <username></username>
	The authentication setup might have been run with a strict umask value, which results in the required files and directories being inaccessible to the non-root users.

#### Table 1-9SFDB tools fixed issues

### **Known issues**

This section covers the known issues in this release.

### Installation known issues

This section describes the known issues during installation and upgrade.

## NetBackup 6.5 or older version is installed on a VxFS file system (2056282)

If you have NetBackup 6.5 or older version installed on a VxFS file system and before upgrading to Veritas Storage Foundation (SF) 6.0.1, if you unmount all VxFS file systems including the one that hosts the NetBackup binaries (/usr/openv), then while upgrading to SF 6.0.1, the installer fails to check if NetBackup is installed on the same machine and uninstalls the shared infrastructure filesets VRTSpbx, VRTSat, and VRTSicsco. This causes NetBackup to stop working.

**Workaround:** Before you unmount the VxFS file system that hosts NetBackup, copy the /usr/openv/netbackup/bin/version file and

/usr/openv/netbackup/version file to the /tmp directory. If you have clustered NetBackup installed, you must also copy the

/usr/openv/netbackup/bin/cluster/NBU\_RSP file to the /tmp directory. After you unmount the NetBackup file system, manually copy these two version files from /tmp to their original directories. If you have clustered NetBackup installed, you must also copy the /usr/openv/netbackup/bin/cluster/NBU\_RSP file from /tmp to its original directory.

If the version files' directories do not exist, create the directories:

#### # mkdir -p /usr/openv/netbackup/bin

Run the installer to finish the upgrade process. After upgrade process completes, remove the two version files and their directories.

If your system is already affected by this issue, then you must manually install the VRTSpbx, VRTSat, and VRTSicsco filesets after the upgrade process completes.

#### Upgrading from Veritas Storage Foundation 5.1 Service Pack 1 Rolling Patch 2 to 6.0.1 with rootability enabled fails (2581313)

Upgrading from Veritas Storage Foundation (SF) 5.1 Service Pack (SP) 1 Rolling Patch (RP) 2 to 6.0.1 while using an encapsulated root disk fails because the post installation scripts of Veritas Volume Manager (VxVM) are unable to start the <code>initrd</code> daemon.

**Workaround:** To upgrade from 5.1 SP1 RP2 to 6.0.1 while using an encapsulated root disk, you must reinstall the nash utility on the system prior to the upgrade.

#### To upgrade from 5.1 SP1 RP2 to 6.0.1 while using an encapsulated root disk

- 1 Encapsulate the root disk.
- 2 Reinstall the nash utility.
- **3** Upgrade to the SF 6.0.1 release.

## Web installer does not ask for authentication after the first session if the browser is still open (2509330)

If you install or configure SF and then close the Web installer, if you have other browser windows open, the Web installer does not ask for authentication in the subsequent sessions. Since there is no option to log out of the Web installer, the session remains open as long as the browser is open on the system.

**Workaround:** Make sure that all browser windows are closed to end the browser session and subsequently log in again.

### Stopping the Web installer causes Device Busy error messages (2633924)

If you start the Web installer, and then perform an operation (such as prechecking, configuring, or uninstalling), you may get an error message saying the device is busy.

Workaround: Do one of the following:

- Kill the start.pl process.
- Start the webinstaller again. On the first Web page you see that the session is still active. Either take over this session and finish it or terminate it directly.

### The VRTSsfcpi60 6.0.0.0 fileset is retained after you upgrade to 6.0.1 on an alternate disk (2811749)

On AIX, if you run the command  $alt_disk_scenario$  to perform a disk clone and upgrade from 6.0 or later to 6.0.1, the older version of the VRTSsfcpi fileset is retained.

**Workaround**: Optionally uninstall the older VRTSsfcpi60 fileset after upgrading. Retaining the older version will not cause any harm.

#### Veritas File System modules fail to unload during uninstall or upgrade if a break-off snapshot volume is created or reattached (2851403)

If a break-off snapshot volume is created or reattached on the system, the Veritas File System modules, <code>vxportal</code> and <code>vxfs</code>, may fail to unload during uninstall or upgrade. The situation occurs if the SmartMove feature is enabled, which is the default setting. When you use the installer to uninstall or upgrade, you may see a message similar to the following:

Veritas Storage Foundation Shutdown did not complete successfully

vxportal failed to stop on dblxx64-21-v1 vxfs failed to stop on dblxx64-21-v1

#### Workaround:

1 Open a new session and manually unload the modules that failed to unload. Use commands similar to the following:

# /sbin/modprobe -r vxportal
# /sbin/modprobe -r vxfs

**2** Because some processes failed to stop, the installer recommends a reboot and asks you if you want to continue.

Press y to continue to the next phase. You can ignore the reboot requirement.

### Veritas Storage Foundation known issues

This section describes the known issues in this release of Veritas Storage Foundation (SF).

### AT Server crashes when authenticating unixpwd user multiple times (1705860)

There is a known issue in the AIX kernel code that causes 'getgrent\_r' function to corrupt the heap. This issue is present in AIX 5.3 and AIX 6.1 Refer to IBM's Web site for more information:

#### http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=isg1IZ52585

AT uses getgrent r function to get the groups of the authenticated user.

IBM has released the fix as a patch to fileset bos.rte.libc. There are different patches available for different version of bos.rte.libc. You need to check the version of

bos.rte.libc (For example: lslpp -1 | grep bos.rte.libc) and apply the
appropriate IBM patch:

- For version 6.1.3.1: http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=isg1IZ52959
   For the fix: ftp://ftp.software.ibm.com/aix/efixes/iz52959/
- For version 6.1.2.4: http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=isg1IZ52720
   For the fix: ftp://ftp.software.ibm.com/aix/efixes/iz52720/
- For version 6.1.2.5 : http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=isg1IZ52975
   For the fix: ftp://ftp.software.ibm.com/aix/efixes/iz52975/

There are IBM patches for only certain version of <code>bos.rte.libc</code> that are available. If your system has a different <code>bos.rte.libc</code> version, you may have to upgrade to a higher version where the fix is available. If your version is not available, you may have to contact IBM.

#### Not all the objects are visible in the VOM GUI (1821803)

After upgrading SF stack from 5.0MP3RP2 to 5.1, the volumes are not visible under the Volumes tab and the shared diskgroup is discovered as Private and Deported under the Disgroup tab in the SFM GUI.

#### Workaround:

To resolve this known issue

• On each manage host where VRTSsfmh 2.1 is installed, run:

# /opt/VRTSsfmh/adm/dclisetup.sh -U

#### A volume's placement class tags are not visible in the Veritas Enterprise Administrator GUI when creating a dynamic storage tiering placement policy (1880081)

A volume's placement class tags are not visible in the Veritas Enterprise Administrator (VEA) GUI when you are creating a SmartTier placement policy if you do not tag the volume with the placement classes prior to constructing a volume set for the volume.

#### Workaround:

To see the placement class tags in the VEA GUI, you must tag the volumes prior to constructing the volume set. If you already constructed the volume set before tagging the volumes, restart vxsvc to make the tags visible in the GUI.

### Veritas Volume Manager known issues

The following are the Veritas Volume Manager known issues for this release.

## vxconvert failures if PowerPath disks are formatted as simple disks (857504)

If a PowerPath disk is formatted as a simple disk (a foreign device), then the vxconvert utility may fail during conversion of LVM to VxVM. To view the format of the disk, use the vxdisk list command. This issue may also occur if the /etc/vx/darecs file contains an hdiskpower disk entry. This entry may be present if PowerPath disks were configured as foreign disks in Storage Foundation 4.0, and the entry was not changed after subsequent upgrades.

#### Veritas Volume Manager (VxVM) might report false serial split brain under certain scenarios (1834513)

VxVM might detect and report a false serial split brain when all of the following conditions are met:

- One or more arrays that provide the shared storage for the cluster are being powered off
- At the same time when the arrays are being powered off, an operation that requires an internal transaction is initiated (such as VxVM configuration commands)

In such a scenario, disk group import will fail with a split brain error and the vxsplitlines output will show 0 or 1 pools.

#### Workaround:

#### To recover from this situation

1 Retrieve the disk media identifier (dm\_id) from the configuration copy:

# /etc/vx/diag.d/vxprivutil dumpconfig device-path

The dm\_id is also the serial split brain id (ssbid)

- 2 Use the dm\_id in the following command to recover from the situation:
  - # /etc/vx/diag.d/vxprivutil set device-path ssbid=dm\_id

#### Co-existence check might fail for CDS disks

In Veritas Volume Manager (VxVM) 5.1 SP1, VxVM introduces the ability to support Cross-platform Data Sharing (CDS) on disks larger than 1 TB. VxVM uses the SUN VTOC Table to initialize the cdsdisk layout on devices up to 1 TB. VxVM uses the GUID Partition Table (GPT) to initialize the cdsdisk layout on devices larger than 1 TB.

In layouts where SUN VTOC Table is used for initialization (typically, when the disk size has never exceeded 1 TB), the AIX co-existence label can be found at sector 7 and VxVM ID block (also known as HP co-existence label) can be found at sector 16.

In layouts where GPT is used for initialization (typically, when the disk size is currently greater than or had earlier exceeded 1 TB), the AIX co-existence label is placed at sector 55 and VxVM ID block (also known as HP co-existence label) is placed at sector 64. Consequently, AIX utilities would not be able to recognize a cdsdisk initialized using GPT to be a valid VxVM disk. Symantec is working with IBM and third party OEMs to enhance the co-existence check in these utilities.

#### Workaround:

There is no workaround for this issue.

## Upgrading SF to version 6.0 marks vSCSI disks as cloned disks (2434444)

This issue is seen when you upgrade from a previous version of SF which has vSCSI disks included in a disk group. After upgrading SF to 6.0, the vSCSI disks that were included in a disk group are marked as cloned disks.

#### Workaround:

Use the following procedure to clear the clone disk flag.

#### To clear the clone disk flag

- 1 Remove the vSCSI devices that are in error state (ibm\_vscsi#\_#) using the following command:
  - # vxdisk rm device\_name
- 2 Deport the disk group.
  - # vxdg deport dg\_name
- 3 Re-import the disk group with a new udid.

```
# vxdg -o updateid import dg_name
```

4 Display the devices that are part of the disk group.

```
# vxdisk -g dg_name list
```

5 Clear the clone\_disk tag from these devices.

```
# vxdisk set device_name clone=off
```

## The vxsnap print command shows incorrect value for percentage dirty (2360780)

The vxsnap print command can display the percentage of regions that differ between snapshots, shown as the %dirty. In SF 6.0, if this command is run while the volumes are online and being actively used, the shown %dirty may lag from actual percentage dirty for instant snap data cache object (DCO) volumes. That is, the command output may show less %dirty than actual.

# Recovery and rollback to original configuration may not succeed if the system reboots while the online migration setup is in partial state (2611423)

During online migration from LVM to VxVM volumes, if there is a system reboot when the migration setup is in partial state, that is, the start operation has not completed successfully, then the recover and abort operations might not be able to recover and rollback the configuration.

**Workaround:** This needs manual intervention for cleanup, depending on the state, to restore the original configuration.

## Upgrading from Veritas Storage Foundation 5.x to 6.0.1 may fail for IBM XIV Series arrays (2715119)

Starting in the Veritas Storage Foundation 5.1 SP1 release, the Array Support Library (ASL) for the IBM XIV enclosures converts the LUN Serial Number from Hexadecimal to Decimal. Because of this change, the enclosure names differ from releases prior to the 5.1 SP1 releases. When you upgrade Veritas Storage Foundation from a release prior to that release to the current 6.0.1 release, XIV LUNs may go into an error state. Note that the latest RPs on 5.1/5.1SP1 are already modified to use the same logic for enclosure naming.

#### Workaround:

After the upgrade, run vxddladm assign names.

## Continuous trespass loop when a CLARiiON LUN is mapped to a different host than its snapshot (2761567)

If a CLARiiON LUN is mapped to a different host than its snapshot, a trespass on one of them could cause a trespass on the other. This behavior could result in a loop for these LUNs, as DMP tries to fail back the LUNs if the primary paths are available.

#### Workaround:

To avoid this issue, turn off the dmp\_monitor\_ownership tunable:

```
# vxdmpadm settune dmp_monitor_ownership=off
```

## The vxrecover command does not handle RAID5 volumes correctly (2715124)

The <code>vxrecover</code> command calls the recovery process for the top-level volume, which internally takes care of recovering its subvolumes. The <code>vxrecover</code> command does not handle RAID5 volumes correctly. The recovery process fails to recover the subvolumes, which remain in the NEEDSYNC state.

#### Workaround:

Manually recover the RAID5 volumes using the vxvol utility, as follows:

```
# vxvol -g diskgroup resync volume
```

# Diskgroup import of BCV luns using -o updateid and -o useclonedev options is not supported if the diskgroup has mirrored volumes with DCO or has snapshots. (2831658)

VxVM uses guid stored in configuration to uniquely identify all objects. The DCO volume stores the guid of mirrors and snapshots. If the diskgroup is imported with -o updateid and -o useclonedev, it changes the guid of objects in VxVM configuration database and the guids stored in DCO volume are not updated. So the operations involving DCO will not be able to find objects with the stored guid and this could lead to failure of certain operations involving DCO or could lead to unexpected behaviour.

#### Workaround:

No workaround available.

#### After devices that are managed by EMC PowerPath lose access to storage, Veritas Volume Manager commands are delayed (2757198)

In an enviroment which includes devices that are managed by EMC PowerPath, a storage loss causes Veritas Volume Manager commands to be delayed. In the event of storage loss, VxVM sends SCSI inquiry from each LUN path to check the health of path, which are delayed by the presence of EMC PowerPath.

## Importing a disk group fails with incorrect error message (2149922)

Importing a disk group using clone disks fails with "wrong usage" or "invalid attribute" error. For example, the following command may show the error.

# vxdg -o useclonedev=on import dgname

This error message may display if the correct feature licenses are not installed.

#### Workaround:

Check that the Fast Mirror Resync and Disk Group Split and Join licenses are installed. If not, install the licenses.

## Dynamic LUN expansion is not supported for EFI disks in simple or sliced formats (2836798)

Dynamic LUN expansion is not supported for EFI (Extensible Firmware Interface) disks in simple or sliced formats. It may lead to corruption. The recommended format is the Cross-platform Data Sharing (CDS) disk format.

#### Workaround:

Convert the disk format to CDS using the vxcdsconvert utility.

### Veritas File System known issues

This section describes the known issues in this release of Veritas File System (VxFS).

### Cannot use some commands from inside an automounted Storage Checkpoint (2490709)

If your current work directory is inside an automounted Storage Checkpoint, for example /mntl/.checkpoint/clonel, some commands display the following error:

```
can't find current directory
```

This issue is verified with the following commands:

- ∎ cp -r
- ∎ du

However, this issue might occur with other commands.

Workaround: Run the command from a different directory.

### Enabling delayed allocation on a small file system sometimes disables the file system (2389318)

When you enable delayed allocation on a small file system, such as around 100 MB, the file system can get disabled. In this case, the following error message , displays in the system console log:

```
mesg 001: V-2-1: vx_nospace - file_system file system full
(size block extent)
```

#### Workaround:

Use the vxtunefs command to turn off delayed allocation for the file system.

#### Delayed allocation sometimes gets turned off automatically when one of the volumes in a multi-volume file system nears 100% usage even if other volumes have free space (2438368)

Delayed allocation sometimes gets turned off automatically when one of the volumes in a multi-volume file system is nearing 100% usage even if other volumes in the file system have free space.

#### Workaround:

After sufficient space is freed from the volume, delayed allocation automatically resumes.

### Performance on a VxFS file system can be slower than on a JFS file system (2511432)

At times, the performance on a VxFS file system can be slower than on a JFS file system.

#### Workaround:

There is no workaround for this issue.

#### Deduplication can fail with error 110 (2591473)

In some cases, data deduplication fails with a message similar to the following example:

In addition, the deduplication log contains an error similar to the following example:

2011/10/26 01:35:09 DEDUP ERROR AddBlock failed. Error = 110

These errors indicate that the deduplication process is running low on space and needs more free space to complete.

#### Workaround:

Make more space available on the file system.

#### You are unable to unmount the NFS exported file system on the server if you run the fsmigadm command on the client (2355258)

Unmounting the NFS-exported file system on the server fails with the "Device busy" error when you use the fsmigadm command on the NFS client.

#### Workaround:

Unexport the file system prior to unmounting.

## vxresize fails while shrinking a file system with the "blocks are currently in use" error (2437138)

The vxresize shrink operation may fail when active I/Os are in progress on the file system and the file system is being shrunk to a size closer to its current usage. You see a message similar to the following example:

```
UX:vxfs fsadm: ERROR: V-3-20343: cannot shrink /dev/vx/rdsk/dg1/vol1 -
blocks are currently in use.
VxVM vxresize ERROR V-5-1-7514 Problem running fsadm command for volume
vol1, in diskgroup dg1
```

#### Workaround:

Rerun the shrink operation after stopping the I/Os.

## Possible assertion failure in vx\_freeze\_block\_threads\_all() (2244932)

There is a possible assertion failure in the  $vx_freeze_block_threads_all()$  call when the pdir\_threshold tunable is set to 1.

#### Workaround:

There is no workaround for this issue.

## A mutex contention in vx\_worklist\_lk() can use up to 100% of a single CPU (2086902)

A mutex contention in the  $vx\_worklist\_lk()$  call can use up to 100% of a single CPU.

#### Workaround:

There is no workaround for this issue.

#### fsppadm operations issued on multi-volume file system fail if there are other mounted file systems with a disk layout Version less than 6 (2909206, 2909203)

The fsppadm command checks all mounted file systems, and if it finds any file systems with a disk layout Version that is less than 6, then it exits with the following error message:

# fsppadm assign /dst\_vset /tmp/pol\_test.xml

UX:vxfs fsppadm: ERROR: V-3-26510: Low level Volume enumeration failure on / with message Function not implemented

This error occurs because the fsppadm command functionality is not supported on a disk layout Version that is less than 6.

#### Workaround:

There is no workaround for this issue.

#### Replication known issues

This section describes the replication known issues in this release of Veritas Storage Foundation.

## vradmin syncvol command compatibility with IPv6 addresses (2075307)

The vradmin syncvol command does not work with the compressed form of IPv6 addresses if the target disk group and volume names are not specified.

#### Workaround:

In IPv6 environments, if you run the *vradmin syncvol* command and identify the target host using the compressed form of the IPv6 address, then you also need to specify the target disk group and volume names.

## RVGPrimary agent operation to start replication between the original Primary and the bunker fails during failback (2054804)

The RVGPrimary agent initiated operation to start replication between the original Primary and the bunker fails during failback – when migrating back to the original Primary after disaster recovery – with the error message:

VxVM VVR vxrlink ERROR V-5-1-5282 Error getting information from remote host. Internal Error.

The issue applies to global clustering with a bunker configuration, where the bunker replication is configured using storage protocol. It occurs when the Primary comes back even before the bunker disk group is imported on the bunker host to initialize the bunker replay by the RVGPrimary agent in the Secondary cluster.

#### Workaround:

To resolve this issue

- 1 Before failback, make sure that bunker replay is either completed or aborted.
- 2 After failback, deport and import the bunker disk group on the original Primary.
- 3 Try the start replication operation from outside of VCS control.

# Bunker replay did not occur when the Application Service Group was configured on some of the systems in the Primary cluster, and ClusterFailoverPolicy is set to "AUTO" (2047724)

The time that it takes for a global cluster to fail over an application service group can sometimes be smaller than the time that it takes for VVR to detect the configuration change associated with the primary fault. This can occur in a bunkered, globally clustered configuration when the value of the ClusterFailoverPolicy attribute is Auto and the AppGroup is configured on a subset of nodes of the primary cluster.

This causes the RVGPrimary online at the failover site to fail. The following messages appear in the VCS engine log:

RVGPrimary:RVGPrimary:online:Diskgroup bunkerdgname could not be imported on bunker host hostname. Operation failed with error 256 and message VxVM VVR vradmin ERROR V-5-52-901 NETWORK ERROR: Remote server unreachable... Timestamp VCS ERROR V-16-2-13066 (hostname) Agent is calling clean for resource(RVGPrimary) because the resource is not up even after online completed.

#### Workaround:

#### To resolve this issue

 When the configuration includes a bunker node, set the value of the OnlineRetryLimit attribute of the RVGPrimary resource to a non-zero value.

#### The RVGPrimary agent may fail to bring the application service group online on the new Primary site because of a previous primary-elect operation not being run or not completing successfully (2043831)

In a primary-elect configuration, the RVGPrimary agent may fail to bring the application service groups online on the new Primary site, due to the existence of previously-created instant snapshots. This may happen if you do not run the ElectPrimary command to elect the new Primary or if the previous ElectPrimary command did not complete successfully.

#### Workaround:

Destroy the instant snapshots manually using the vxrvg -g dg -P snap\_prefix snapdestroy rvg command. Clear the application service group and bring it back online manually.

#### A snapshot volume created on the Secondary, containing a VxFS file system may not mount in read-write mode and performing a read-write mount of the VxFS file systems on the new Primary after a global clustering site failover may fail (1558257)

#### Issue 1:

When the vradmin ibc command is used to take a snapshot of a replicated data volume containing a VxFS file system on the Secondary, mounting the snapshot volume in read-write mode may fail with the following error:

```
UX:vxfs mount: ERROR: V-3-21268: /dev/vx/dsk/dg/snapshot_volume is corrupted. needs checking
```

This happens because the file system may not be quiesced before running the vradmin ibc command and therefore, the snapshot volume containing the file system may not be fully consistent.

#### Issue 2:

After a global clustering site failover, mounting a replicated data volume containing a VxFS file system on the new Primary site in read-write mode may fail with the following error:

UX:vxfs mount: ERROR: V-3-21268: /dev/vx/dsk/dg/data\_volume is corrupted. needs checking

This usually happens because the file system was not quiesced on the original Primary site prior to the global clustering site failover and therefore, the file systems on the new Primary site may not be fully consistent.

#### Workaround:

The following workarounds resolve these issues.

For issue 1, run the fsck command on the snapshot volume on the Secondary, to restore the consistency of the file system residing on the snapshot.

For example:

```
# fsck -V vxfs /dev/vx/dsk/dg/snapshot_volume
```

For issue 2, run the fsck command on the replicated data volumes on the new Primary site, to restore the consistency of the file system residing on the data volume.

For example:

# fsck -V vxfs /dev/vx/dsk/dg/data\_volume

## In an IPv6-only environment RVG, data volumes or SRL names cannot contain a colon (1672410, 1672417, 1825031)

Issue: After upgrading VVR to an IPv6-only environment in 6.0 release, vradmin commands may not work when a colon is specified in the RVG, data volume(s) and/or SRL name. It is also possible that after upgrading VVR to an IPv6-only environment, vradmin createpri may dump core when provided with RVG, volume and/or SRL names containing a colon in it.

#### Workaround:

Make sure that colons are not specified in the volume, SRL and RVG names in the VVR configuration

### While vradmin commands are running, vradmind may temporarily lose heart beats (2071568, 2275444)

This issue may occasionally occur when you use vradmin commands to administer VVR. While the vradmin commands run, vradmind may temporarily lose heartbeats, and the commands terminate with the following error message:

VxVM VVR vradmin ERROR V-5-52-803 Lost connection to host *host;* terminating command execution.

#### Workaround:

#### To resolve this issue

Depending on the application I/O workload and network environment, uncomment and increase the value of the IPM\_HEARTBEAT\_TIMEOUT variable in the /etc/vx/vras/vras\_env on all the hosts of the RDS to a higher value. The following example increases the timeout value to 120 seconds.

```
export IPM_HEARTBEAT_TIMEOUT
IPM HEARTBEAT TIMEOUT=120
```

- 2 Restart vradmind on all the hosts of the RDS to put the new IPM\_HEARTBEAT\_TIMEOUT value into affect. Enter the following on all the hosts of the RDS:
  - # /etc/init.d/vras-vradmind.sh stop
  - # /etc/init.d/vras-vradmind.sh start

#### vxassist relayout removes the DCM (145413)

If you perform a relayout that adds a column to a striped volume that has a DCM, the DCM is removed. There is no message indicating that this has happened. To replace the DCM, enter the following:

```
# vxassist -g diskgroup addlog vol logtype=dcm
```

### vxassist and vxresize operations do not work with layered volumes that are associated to an RVG (2162579)

This issue occurs when you try a resize operation on a volume that is associated to an RVG and has a striped-mirror layout.

#### Workaround:

#### To resize layered volumes that are associated to an RVG

- 1 Pause or stop the applications.
- 2 Wait for the RLINKs to be up to date. Enter the following:

# vxrlink -g diskgroup status rlink

3 Stop the affected RVG. Enter the following:

```
# vxrvg -g diskgroup stop rvg
```

4 Disassociate the volumes from the RVG. Enter the following:

```
# vxvol -g diskgroup dis vol
```

**5** Resize the volumes. In this example, the volume is increased to 10 GB. Enter the following:

# vxassist -g diskgroup growto vol 10G

6 Associate the data volumes to the RVG. Enter the following:

# vxvol -g diskgroup assoc rvg vol

7 Start the RVG. Enter the following:

# vxrvg -g diskgroup start rvg

8 Resume or start the applications.

### vradmin verifydata operation fails when replicating between versions 5.1 and 6.0 (2360713)

When replicating in a cross-version VVR environment consisting of hosts running Storage Foundation 5.1 and hosts running Storage Foundation 6.0, the vradmin verifydata command fails with the following error:

VxVM VVR vxrsync ERROR V-5-52-2222 [from host]: VxVM in.vxrsyncd ERROR V-5-36-2125 Server volume access error during [assign volids] volume path: [/dev/vx/dsk/dg/snapshot\_volume] reason: [this could be because a target volume is disabled or an rlink associated with a target volume is not detached during sync operation].

#### Workaround:

There are two workarounds for this issue.

- Upgrade the hosts running Storage Foundation 5.1 to Storage Foundation 5.1SP1 or later and re-run the vradmin verifydata command.
- Follow the offline verification procedure in the "Verifying the data on the Secondary" section of the Veritas Storage Foundation and High Availability Solutions Replication Administrator's Guide. This process requires ensuring that the secondary is up-to-date, pausing replication, and running the vradmin syncrvg command with the -verify option.

## Cannot relayout data volumes in an RVG from concat to striped-mirror (2129601)

This issue occurs when you try a relayout operation on a data volume which is associated to an RVG, and the target layout is a striped-mirror.

#### Workaround:

To relayout a data volume in an RVG from concat to striped-mirror

- 1 Pause or stop the applications.
- 2 Wait for the RLINKs to be up to date. Enter the following:

# vxrlink -g diskgroup status rlink

3 Stop the affected RVG. Enter the following:

# vxrvg -g diskgroup stop rvg

4 Disassociate the volumes from the RVG. Enter the following:

# vxvol -g diskgroup dis vol

5 Relayout the volumes to striped-mirror. Enter the following:

```
# vxassist -g diskgroup relayout vol layout=stripe-mirror
```

6 Associate the data volumes to the RVG. Enter the following:

# vxvol -g diskgroup assoc rvg vol

- 7 Start the RVG. Enter the following:
  - # vxrvg -g diskgroup start rvg
- 8 Resume or start the applications.

### vradmin verifydata may report differences in a cross-endian environment (2834424)

When replicating between two nodes in a cross-platform environment, and performing an autosync or replication, the vradmin verifydata command may report differences. This is due to different endianness between the platforms. However, the file system on the secondary node will be consistent and up to date.

## vradmin repstatus operation may display configuration error after cluster reconfiguration in a CVR environment (2779580)

In a CVR environment, if there is a cluster reconfiguration, the *vradmin repstatus* command may display the following error message:

No Primary RVG

The vradmin repstatus command functions normally on the Primary site.

#### Workaround:

Restart the vradmind daemon on both the Primary and Secondary nodes.

## I/O hangs on the primary node when running vxrvg snaprestore operation (2762147)

In a CVR environment, if a secondary node is set as the logowner for an RVG, issuing the vxrvg snaprestore command on the primary node may result in an I/O hang.

### The vxrecover command does not automatically recover layered volumes in an RVG (2866299)

The <code>vxrecover</code> command calls the recovery process for the top-level volume, which internally takes care of recovering its subvolumes. The <code>vxrecover</code> command does not handle layered volumes correctly. The recovery process fails to recover the subvolumes, which remain in the NEEDSYNC state.

#### Workaround:

Manually recover the layered volumes using the vxvol utility, as follows:

# vxvol -g diskgroup resync volume

### Veritas Storage Foundation for Databases (SFDB) tools known issues

The following are known issues in this release of Veritas Storage Foundation for Databases (SFDB) tools.

#### SFDB commands do not work in IPV6 environment (2619958)

In IPV6 environment, SFDB commands do not work for SF. There is no workaround at this point of time.

## Database Storage Checkpoint unmount may fail with device busy (2591463)

In some cases, when a database that is cloned using a Database Storage Checkpoint is shut down, an error similar to the following may occur:

```
SFAE Error:0457: Failed to unmount device
/dev/vx/dsk/datadg/datavol:Ckpt_1317707593_rw_1317708154.
Reason: VxFS returned error : umount: /tmp/clonedb/data: device is
busy
```

#### Workaround:

As an Oracle user, force shut down the clone database if it is up and then retry the unmount operation.

#### Attempt to use SmartTier commands fails (2332973)

The attempts to run SmartTier commands such as <code>dbdst\_preset\_policy</code> ordbdst file move fail with the following error:

```
fsppadm: ERROR: V-3-26551: VxFS failure on low level mechanism
with message - Device or resource busy
```

This error occurs if a sub-file SmartTier command such as <code>dbdst\_obj\_move</code> has been previously run on the file system.

There is no workaround for this issue. You cannot use file-based SmartTier and sub-file SmartTier simultaneously.

## Attempt to use certain names for tiers results in error (2581390)

If you attempt to use certain names for tiers, the following error message is displayed:

SFORA dbdst\_classify ERROR V-81-6107 Invalid Classname BALANCE

This error occurs because the following names are reserved and are not permitted as tier names for SmartTier:

BALANCE

- CHECKPOINT
- METADATA

#### Workaround:

Use a name for SmartTier classes that is not a reserved name.

## Clone operation failure might leave clone database in unexpected state (2512664)

If the clone operation fails, it may leave the clone database in an unexpected state. Retrying the clone operation might not work.

#### Workaround:

If retrying does not work, perform one the following actions depending on the point-in-time copy method you are using:

- For FlashSnap, resync the snapshot and try the clone operation again.
- For FileSnap and Database Storage Checkpoints, destroy the clone and create the clone again.
- For space-optimized snapshots, destroy the snapshot and create a new snapshot.

Contact Symantec support if retrying using the workaround does not succeed.

### FlashSnap resync fails if there is an existing space-optimized snapshot (2479901)

If you try a FlashSnap resync operation when there is an existing space-optimized snapshot, the resync operation fails with the following error:

```
Error: VxVM vxdg ERROR V-5-1-4597 vxdg join FS_oradg oradg failed datavol_snp : Record already exists in disk group archvol_snp : Record already exists in disk group
```

#### Workaround:

Destroy the space-optimized snapshot first and then perform the FlashSnap resync operation.

## Upgrading Veritas Storage Foundation for Databases (SFDB) tools from 5.0x to 6.0.1 (2184482)

The <code>sfua\_rept\_migrate</code> command results in an error message after upgrading SFHA or SF for Oracle RAC version 5.0 or 5.0MP3 to SFHA or SF for Oracle RAC 6.0.1.

When upgrading from SF version 5.0 or 5.0MP3 to SF 6.0.1 the S\*vxdbms3 startup script is renamed to NO\_S\*vxdbms3. The S\*vxdbms3 startup script is required by  $sfua\_rept\_upgrade$ . Thus when  $sfua\_rept\_upgrade$  is run, it is unable to find the S\*vxdbms3 startup script and gives the error message:

/sbin/rc3.d/S\*vxdbms3 not found
SFORA sfua\_rept\_migrate ERROR V-81-3558 File: is missing.
SFORA sfua\_rept\_migrate ERROR V-81-9160 Failed to mount repository.

#### Workaround

Before running  ${\tt sfua\_rept\_migrate},$  rename the startup script NO\_S\*vxdbms3 to S\*vxdbms3.

## Clone command fails if PFILE entries have their values spread across multiple lines (2844247)

If you have a log\_archive\_dest\_1 in single line in the init.ora file, then dbed\_vmclonedb will work but dbed\_vmcloneb will fail if you put in multiple lines for log\_archive\_dest\_1.

#### Workaround

There is no workaround for this issue.

## SFDB commands do not work with the ZHS16GBK character set (2715323)

SFDB commands do not work if the character set of the Oracle database is set to ZHS16GBK. This occurs because SFDB commands are not supported with multi-byte character sets except AL32UTF8 and ZHS16GBK is a multi-byte character set.

There is no workaround for this issue.

## Clone fails with error "ORA-01513: invalid current time returned by operating system" with Oracle 11.2.0.3 (2804452)

While creating a clone database using any of the point-in-time copy services such as Flashsnap, SOS, Storage Checkpoint, or Filesnap, the clone fails. This problem appears to affect Oracle versions 11.2.0.2 as well as 11.2.0.3.

You might encounter an Oracle error such as the following:

```
/opt/VRTSdbed/bin/vxsfadm -s flashsnap -o clone
-a oracle -r dblxx64-16-v1 --flashsnap_name TEST11 --clone_path
/tmp/testRecoverdb --clone_name clone1
USERNAME: oragrid
STDOUT:
Retrieving snapshot information ... Done
Importing snapshot diskgroups ... Done
Mounting snapshot volumes ... Done
```

ORA-01513: invalid current time returned by operating system

This is a known Oracle bug documented in the following Oracle bug IDs:

- Bug 14102418: DATABASE DOESNT START DUE TO ORA-1513
- Bug 14036835: SEEING ORA-01513 INTERMITTENTLY

#### Workaround:

Retry the cloning operation until it succeeds.

### Frequent occurrence of SFDB remote or privileged command error (2869262)

If you installed a single instance database and try to run SFDB-related commands, then an error similar to the following might occur:

#### \$ /opt/VRTSdbed/bin/dbed\_update

No repository found for database faildb, creating new one.

SFDB vxsfadm ERROR V-81-0450 A remote or privileged command could not be executed on host1  $\,$ 

Reason: This can be caused by the host being unreachable or the vxdbd daemon not running on that host.

Action: Verify that the host swpa04 is reachable. If it is, verify that the vxdbd daemon is running using the /opt/VRTS/bin/vxdbdctrl status command, and start it using the /opt/VRTS/bin/vxdbdctrl start command if it is not running.

There is no workaround at this point of time.

## Data population fails after datafile corruption, rollback, and restore of offline checkpoint (2869259)

Sometimes when a datafile gets corrupted below its reservation size, the rollback may not pass and the file may not be rolled back correctly.

There is no workround at this point of time.

## Checkpoint clone fails if the archive log destination is same as the datafiles destination (2869266)

Checkpoint cloning fails if the archive log destination is the same as the datafiles destination. The error is similar to:

```
Use of uninitialized value $path in hash element
at /opt/VRTSdbed/lib/perl/DBED/CkptOracle.pm line 121.
Use of uninitialized value $path in concatenation (.) or string
at /opt/VRTSdbed/lib/perl/DBED/CkptOracle.pm line 124.
Use of uninitialized value $path in pattern match (m//)
at /opt/VRTSdbed/lib/perl/DBED/CkptOracle.pm line 126.
```

SFDB vxsfadm ERROR V-81-0564 Oracle returned error.

Reason: ORA-02236: invalid file name (DBD ERROR: error possibly near <\*> indicator at char 172 in 'CREATE CONTROLFILE REUSE SET DATABASE 'TClone03' RESETLOGS NOARCHIVELOG

#### Workaround:

For the 6.0.1 release, create distinct archive and datafile mounts for the checkpoint service.

## FileSnap detail listing does not display the details of a particular snap (2846382)

FileSnap does not support displaying a detailed listing of a snapshot or clone. FileSnap only supports displaying a summary of all the snapshots or clones. For example, for the CLI vxsfadm -s filesnap -a oracle --name=snap1 -o list, a summary listing all the snapshots is displayed, instead of a detailed listing of a particular snapshot.

#### Workaround:

There is no workaround for this issue.

#### dbed\_update command failed after upgrading a Storage Foundation product from 5.1SP1RP1 to 6.0.1 on AIX 6.1 (2846434)

dbed\_update might fail under some Oracle configurations, even when the database is up and running, with the following error message.

```
dbed_update -S apr1 -H /opt/oracle/app/oracle/product/11.2/db_1
SFDB vxsfadm ERROR V-81-0564 Oracle returned error.
Reason: ORA-01041: internal error. hostdef extension doesn't exist
(DBD ERROR: OCISessionBegin)
```

You are able to connect to the database manually using sqlplus. This problem is because the version of DBD::Oracle perl module, used by the SFDB tools, uses somewhat older Oracle instant client libraries. With these, the SFDB tools are unable to connect to the Oracle database even when the database is up and running.

Workaround: There is no workaround at this point of time.

## Checkpoint clone fails in CFS environment if cloned using same checkpoint and same clone name on both nodes (2869268)

The Checkpoint clone of an oracle database fails in a CFS environment, if you create a clone with a clone name and checkpoint name same as another clone up on a different CFS node.

#### Workaround:

There is no workaround. Create a clone with a different clone name.

## Very long off-host cloning times for large number of datafiles (2849540)

When cloning off-host in certain Oracle database configurations, particularly with several hundred datafiles, the cloning can take a very long time, upto an hour or more. This problem does not cause the cloning to fail. The problem applies to all services such as FlashSnap, Space-optimized snapshots, FileSnap, and Checkpoint.

#### Workaround:

There is no workaround at this point of time.

## sfua\_rept\_migrate fails after phased SFRAC upgrade from 5.0MP3RP5 to 6.0.1 (2874322)

Command sfua\_rept\_migrate sometimes gives an error when upgrading to 6.0.1, and fails to unmount the repository volume. The error message is similar to:

```
# ./sfua_rept_migrate
Mounting SFUA Sybase ASA repository.
Unmounting SFUA Sybase ASA repository.
UX:vxfs umount: ERROR: V-3-26388: file system /rep has been mount
locked
SFORA sfua_rept_migrate ERROR V-81-5550 umount /dev/vx/dsk/repdg/repvol
failed.
SFORA sfua rept migrate ERROR V-81-9162 Failed to umount repository.
```

#### Workaround:

The error does not hamper the upgrade. The repository migration works fine, but the old repository volume does not get unmounted. Unmount the mount using the manual option.

For example, use /opt/VRTS/bin/umount -o mntunlock=VCS /rep.

For more information, see TECH64812.

### Software limitations

This section covers the software limitations of this release.

See the corresponding Release Notes for a complete list of software limitations related to that component or product.

See "Documentation" on page 57.

### Veritas Volume Manager software limitations

The following are software limitations in this release of Veritas Volume Manager.

## Snapshot configuration with volumes in shared disk groups and private disk groups is not supported

A snapshot configuration with volumes in the shared disk groups and private disk groups is not a recommended configuration. In this release, this configuration is not supported.

## Storage reclamation does not happen on volumes with break-off snapshot (2798523)

In this release, storage reclamation on a volume is prevented when it has a break-off type snapshot. If storage reclamation is allowed on such volumes, it can lead to the following undesired situation. Instant snapshot operations, including vxsnap refresh and vxsnap restore operations, lead to full synchronization of either the snapshot or the primary volume depending on the operation.

In this release, if the volume has a snapshot, the storage reclamation is silently prevented. The physical storage is not reduced. The reclaim command reports that the reclamation is done on the disks but the actual storage is not reclaimed for volumes with snapshots:

```
# vxdisk -o full reclaim dg1
```

```
Reclaiming storage on:
Disk xiv0_617 : Done.
Disk xiv0_616 : Done.
Disk xiv0_618 : Done.
Disk xiv0_612 : Done.
Disk xiv0_613 : Done.
Disk xiv0_614 : Done.
Disk xiv0_615 : Done
```

As shown in the following example output, the storage is not actually reclaimed.

#### # vxdisk -o thin list

DEVICE	SIZE(MB)	PHYS_ALLOC (MB)	GROUP	TYPE
xiv0_612	19313	2101	dg1	thinrclm
xiv0_613	19313	2108	dg1	thinrclm
xiv0_614	19313	35	dg1	thinrclm
xiv0_615	19313	32	dg1	thinrclm
xiv0_616	19313	31	dg1	thinrclm
xiv0_617	19313	31	dg1	thinrclm
xiv0_618	19313	31	dg1	thinrclm

## SF does not support thin reclamation of space on a linked mirror volume (2729563)

The thin reclamation feature does not support thin reclamation for a linked mirror volume.

## DMP does not support devices in the same enclosure that are configured in different modes (2643506)

DMP does not support the configuration where two devices in the same enclosure are configured in different modes. For example, if one device is configured as ALUA and another one is configured as Active/Passive (A/P).

### Veritas File System software limitations

The following are software limitations in the 6.0.1 release of Veritas Storage Foundation.

#### Recommended limit of number of files in a directory

To maximize VxFS performance, do not exceed 100,000 files in the same directory. Use multiple directories instead.

## The shell cannot handle 64-bit inode numbers inside the .checkpoint directory when uniqueino is enabled

Due to a limitation with the AIX operating system, the shell cannot handle the 64-bit inode numbers inside the .checkpoint directory when the uniqueino mount option is enabled. Some shell functions such as auto-complete and globs, for example rm \*, do not function properly in the .checkpoint directory. This also affects 32-bit applications that try to read the contents of the .checkpoint directory or any of its subdirectories. This does not affect any 64-bit applications.

## The vxlist command cannot correctly display numbers greater than or equal to 1 EB

The <code>vxlist</code> command and all of the other commands that use the same library as the <code>vxlist</code> command cannot correctly display numbers greater than or equal to 1 EB.

#### Limitations with delayed allocation for extending writes feature

The following limitations apply to the delayed allocation for extending writes feature:

- In the cases where the file data must be written to disk immediately, delayed allocation is disabled on that file. Examples of such cases include Direct I/O, concurrent I/O, FDD/ODM access, and synchronous I/O.
- Delayed allocation is not supported on memory mapped files.
- Delayed allocation is not supported with BSD quotas. When BSD quotas are enabled on a file system, delayed allocation is turned off automatically for that file system.
- Delayed allocation is not supported for shared mounts in a cluster file system.

## FlashBackup in NetBackup 7.1 and prior does not support disk layout Version 8 and 9

The FlashBackup feature of NetBackup 7.1 or prior does not support a VxFS file system with disk layout Version 8 or 9.

## Veritas Storage Foundation for Databases (SFDB) tools software limitations

The following are the SFDB tools software limitations in this release.

#### Parallel execution of vxsfadm is not supported (2515442)

Only one instance of the vxsfadm command can be run at a time. Running multiple instances of vxsfadm at a time is not supported.

## Creating point-in-time copies during database structural changes is not supported (2496178)

SFDB tools do not support creating point-in-time copies while structural changes to the database are in progress, such as adding or dropping tablespaces and adding or dropping data files.

However, once a point-in-time copy is taken, you can create a clone at any time, regardless of the status of the database.

### Documentation

Product guides are available in the PDF format on the software media in the /docs/product\_name directory. Additional documentation is available online.

Make sure that you are using the current version of documentation. The document version appears on page 2 of each guide. The publication date appears on the title

page of each document. The latest product documentation is available on the Symantec website.

http://sort.symantec.com/documents

### Documentation set

Table 1-10 lists the documentation for Veritas Storage Foundation.

**Table 1-10**Veritas Storage Foundation documentation

Document title	File name
Veritas Storage Foundation Release Notes	sf_notes_601_aix.pdf
Veritas Storage Foundation Installation Guide	sf_install_601_aix.pdf
Veritas Storage Foundation Administrator's Guide	sf_admin_601_aix.pdf
Veritas Storage Foundation: Storage and Availability Management for Oracle Databases	sfhas_oracle_admin_601_unix.pdf
Veritas File System Programmer's Reference Guide (This document is available online, only.)	vxfs_ref_601_aix.pdf

 Table 1-11 lists the documentation for Veritas Storage Foundation and High

 Availability Solutions products.

Table 1-11Veritas Storage Foundation and High Availability Solutions products<br/>documentation

Document title	File name
Veritas Storage Foundation and High Availability Solutions Solutions Guide	sfhas_solutions_601_aix.pdf
Veritas Storage Foundation and High Availability Solutions Virtualization Guide	sfhas_virtualization_601_aix.pdf
Veritas Storage Foundation and High Availability Solutions Replication Administrator's Guide	sfhas_replication_admin_601_aix.pdf

If you use Veritas Operations Manager (VOM) to manage Veritas Storage Foundation and High Availability products, refer to the VOM product documentation at:

http://sort.symantec.com/documents

### Manual pages

The manual pages for Veritas Storage Foundation and High Availability Solutions products are installed in the /opt/VRTS/man directory.

Set the MANPATH environment variable so the man(1) command can point to the Veritas Storage Foundation manual pages:

• For the Bourne or Korn shell (sh or ksh), enter the following commands:

```
MANPATH=$MANPATH:/opt/VRTS/man
export MANPATH
```

• For C shell (csh or tcsh), enter the following command:

setenv MANPATH \${MANPATH}:/opt/VRTS/man

See the man(1) manual page.

The latest manual pages are available online in HTML format on the Symantec website at:

https://sort.symantec.com/documents